

Grammar

1 Rewrite the sentences so the meaning is the same.

1 'I'm going to buy the tickets tomorrow,' Christina said to her friends.

Christina told her friends that _____ the next day.

2 'Have you known Rachel for a long time?' Richard asked Nick.

Richard asked Nick _____ for a long time.

3 I didn't expect the film to be so long.

The film was _____ expected

4 No person in the team scored more goals than me!

I scored _____ in the team.

5 John and Liz didn't save their money, so they didn't go on holiday.

If they _____ have gone on holiday.

6 William Shakespeare wrote many of the most famous plays in the English language.

Many of the most famous plays in the English language _____

William Shakespeare.

7 One day, they will send astronauts to Mars and Venus.

Astronauts _____ to Mars and Venus one day.

8 Someone at the garage serviced our car yesterday.

We had _____ at the garage yesterday.

9 Larry didn't phone his parents because he had lost his mobile phone.

If Larry hadn't lost his mobile phone, he _____ his parents.

10 The dress the lead singer is wearing is very beautiful.

The dress worn _____ beautiful.

Mark __/10

2 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 Holidays abroad are **the least / least / less** expensive than they used to be.
- 2 I waited for them all day but **nobody / anybody / somebody** turned up.
- 3 I'm so busy. I have **much / little / few** time for playing sport.
- 4 **None / No / Every** of my friends like sport.
- 5 I **said / told / asked** Sarah I wasn't going to the cinema.
- 6 I'm tired. I **wish / only / rather** I was at home.

Mark __/6

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 If only my friends _____ (not be) busy tonight.
- 2 A music festival _____ (held) at the moment in our town.
- 3 If I hadn't missed my bus, I _____ (arrive) at the party on time.
- 4 When we arrived at the hotel, we had our bags _____ (take) to our room.

Mark __/4

Vocabulary

4 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 We found some lovely, blue ____ for the curtains.
a fabric b china c glass d wood
- 2 I put the vase of flowers on the ____ and looked around the room.
a wall light b ashtray c wallpaper d sideboard
- 3 We have never got ____ well, but we respect each other.
a up b in c on d over
- 4 Tom and Helen met at my party and now they're ____ out together.
a getting b having c doing d going
- 5 I fell ____ with my best friend and now I'm not speaking to her.
a out b on c at d in
- 6 We met each other at the baggage ____ in the airport.
a control b desk c reclaim d rank
- 7 The night bus was old and ____ . I couldn't sleep for the whole journey.
a inconvenient b uncomfortable c expensive d slow
- 8 They're having a summer ____ . Everything is really cheap.
a sale b price c bargain d refund
- 9 I don't have any money with me, but I can write a ____ .
a cheque b credit card c cash d receipt
- 10 Please pay for your items at the ____ . The store is about to close.
a stock b sale c till d change
- 11 I'm learning to play the guitar, but I don't know all the ____ yet.
a beats b chords c lyrics d arias
- 12 The boy sang on his own, but we all joined in with the ____ .
a solo b movement c chorus d aria

Mark __/12

5 Complete the sentences with one word in each gap.

- 1 I bought a paper lamp _____ for the living room.
- 2 The curtain _____ fell down and nearly hit me on the head.
- 3 She didn't forgive him so they split _____ .
- 4 Harry and Lucy _____ divorced last year.
- 5 The waiting _____ was full of people, so we had to wait outside in the rain.
- 6 We'll have to stop at the next petrol _____ to fill up the car.
- 7 We shouldn't spend so much money if we want to save _____ for our holidays.
- 8 He spends all his money _____ music.

Mark __/8

Use of English

6 Read the text. Choose the correct answers, A, B, C or D.

If you've never been to a food festival before, why don't you visit Taste of Dublin? The festival is one of ¹_____ food festivals in Ireland! It takes place ²_____ summer and attracts around 30,000 visitors. ³_____ the events take place in the stunning Iveagh gardens. Here, there are around 100 stalls exhibiting fantastic food. You can also visit the famous chef's theatre ⁴_____ you can see cooking demonstrations. You can even take part in a class which ⁵_____ by one of Ireland's top chefs. In addition to this, there are two live ⁶_____ stages. If you'd ⁷_____ eat in a restaurant, there's plenty of opportunity to find fantastic local and international food in Dublin. There's certainly ⁸_____ for everyone's taste. And when you find the crowds a little ⁹_____, why not take a trip around the city? You can visit the ¹⁰_____ sights or you can look for bargains in the shops. Tickets go on sale in April. In the meantime, look at the Taste of Dublin website to find out more.

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|----|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | A better | B good | C the best | D well |
| 2 | A every | B the | C one | D many |
| 3 | A the most | B the many | C most of | D many |
| 4 | A which | B who | C that | D where |
| 5 | A is given | B is giving | C was giving | D gave |
| 6 | A entertained | B entertain | C to entertain | D entertainment |
| 7 | A prefer | B like | C want | D rather |
| 8 | A nothing | B something | C everything | D anything |
| 9 | A stressed | B stressing | C to stress | D stressful |
| 10 | A historic | B isolated | C wild | D wooded |

Mark __/10

Listening

7 Listen to two people talking about advertising. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Vicky is watching a programme about unpopular adverts. _____
- 2 Vicky remembers one of the adverts from her childhood. _____
- 3 The first advert they talk about is for a perfume. _____
- 4 Steve thinks celebrities make adverts effective. _____
- 5 They agree that price comparison adverts work well. _____

Mark ___/5

Reading

8 Read the text. Choose the correct answers.

Henry Moore: Sculptor

Henry Moore was born in 1898, in a small house in Castleford, in the north of England. He was the seventh child in a family of eight children. His father was a miner and the family were very poor. Despite this, his father wanted his children to be educated, so he sent them to a local school. In his teenage years, Henry was already very clever, and he also showed an ability for art. He went to Castleford Grammar School and later became a teacher there. He might have stayed at the school, but when the First World War started Henry was sent to fight in the army.

In 1917, Henry was injured during the Battle of Cambrai, and he didn't fight again. Instead, he spent the rest of the war training new soldiers. After the war, he realised that he didn't want to be a teacher any more. He wanted to follow his dream of being an artist. In 1921, he was accepted at the Royal College of Art. He was very talented, but he wanted to be different from everybody else. He began to experiment with different modern styles of art. This was a problem for his teachers who were trying to teach more formal, traditional art. They couldn't understand what Henry wanted to do.

In 1924, Henry left England and went travelling in Italy and Paris. He studied Michelangelo and Giovanni Pisano. When he visited the Louvre Museum in Paris, he became interested in sculpture. Back in London, he married Irina Radetsky, who he had met at art college. He began teaching at the Royal College of Art and at the same time, he worked on his own art. His first public sculpture was called *West Wind*, cut in the stone of a building in London, above St James's Park underground station.

In the 1930s, Moore became a member of the modern art movement. He admired artists like Pablo Picasso and Jean Arp. Then, during the Second World War, he worked as a war artist and drew many pictures of ordinary people in London escaping the bombing. These have become well known. After the war, he was given many awards, including the International Prize for Sculpture in 1948. He died in 1986. In September 2000, Moore Square was opened on the site where he was born in Castleford.

- 1 People noticed Henry Moore had a talent for art when he ...
 - a became a soldier.
 - b was at school.
 - c started teaching.
 - d was a small child.

- 2 After he was injured in the First World War, Henry ...
- a stayed in the army.
 - b continued to fight.
 - c taught in a school.
 - d went back home.
- 3 When he was at the Royal College of Art, his teachers ...
- a thought his style was interesting.
 - b didn't recognise his talent.
 - c refused to teach him.
 - d felt confused by his art.
- 4 When he returned to London after travelling in Europe, he ...
- a decided to give up teaching.
 - b did another art course.
 - c started making sculptures.
 - d painted pictures of London.
- 5 During the Second World War he ...
- a created pictures about the war.
 - b gave up being an artist.
 - c painted pictures of soldiers.
 - d sculpted the people of London.

Mark ___/5

Writing

9 Write a for-and-against essay (200–250 words) on the following topic: *We should explore our own country before we spend our holidays abroad.*

- Introduce the topic and explain what you think the statement means.
- Present arguments to support the statement, and give one or two appropriate examples.
- Present arguments against the statement, and give one or two appropriate examples.
- Conclude by summarising the key arguments and by presenting your own opinion.

Mark ___/10

Total: ___/70